



Προχωρημένη Κατανεμημένη Υπολογιστική

ΗΥ623

Διδάσκων –
Δημήτριος Κατσαρός

@ Τμ. ΗΜΜΥ
Πανεπιστήμιο Θεσσαλίας



Heterogeneous Earliest Finish Time – HEFT

List scheduling of tasks in heterogeneous
processors



Formal Model

- Direct Acyclic Graph (DAG) $G = (V, E)$ where v jobs $\in V$ and e edges $\in E$
- There are q machines
- *Data*: $v \times v$ matrix; $data_{(i,k)}$: data transferred between job i and job k
- W : $v \times q$ matrix; $W_{(i,j)}$: processing time of job i on machine j
- B : a $q \times q$ matrix; $W_{(l,m)}$: data transfer rate between machine l and machine m
- L : q dimensional vector; indicates start up time of machine



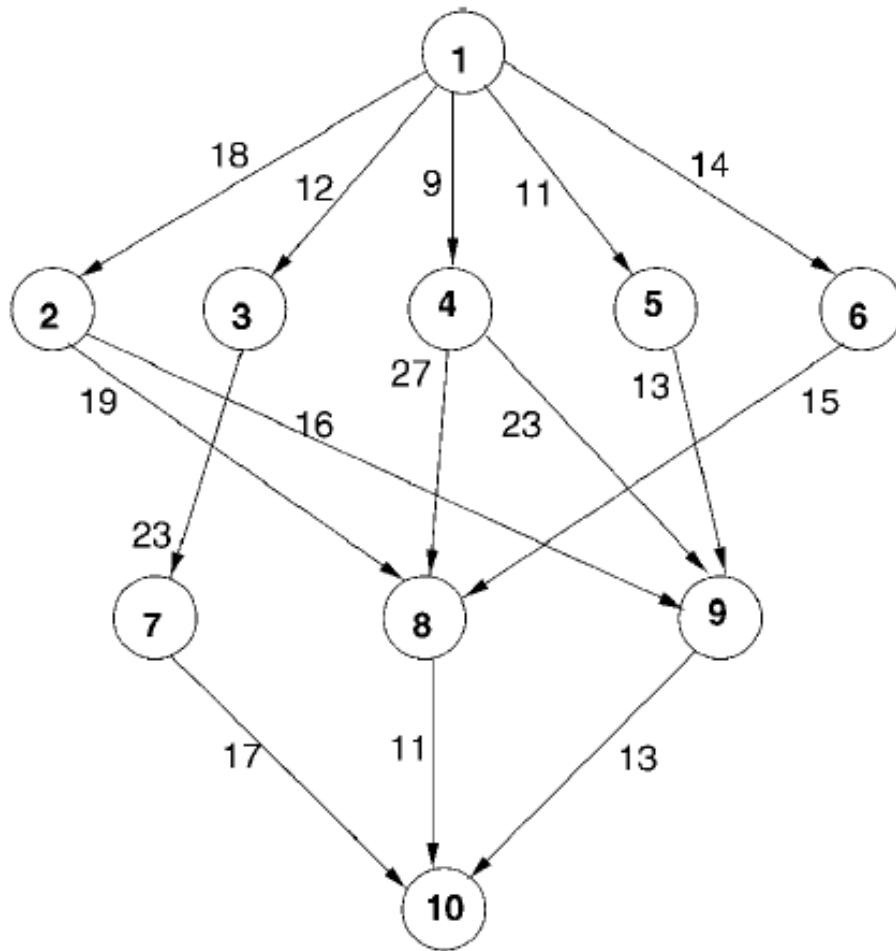
Formal Model (cont.)

- Avg processing time of job i : $\bar{w}_i = \sum_{j=1}^q W_{(i,j)} / q$
- Communication cost when job i on machine n transitions to job j on machine m :

$$c_{i,k} = L_m + data_{(i,k)} / B_{(m,n)}$$

- $\bar{c}_{i,k} = \bar{L} + data_{(i,k)} / \bar{B}$

Sample input



Computation Costs

Task	P1	P2	P3
1	14	16	9
2	13	19	18
3	11	13	19
4	13	8	17
5	12	13	10
6	13	16	9
7	7	15	11
8	5	11	14
9	18	12	20
10	21	7	16



HEFT Algorithm

- $rank_u(i) = \overline{w}_i + \max_{j \in \text{succ}(i)} (\overline{c}_{i,j} + rank_u(j))$
 - where $rank_u(n_{exit}) = \overline{w}_{exit}$
- $EST(i, j) = \max\{avail[j], \max_{m \in \text{pred}(i)} (AFT(m) + c_{m,i})\}$
 - where $EST(entry, j) = 0$, and $EFT(i, j) = W_{(i,j)} + EST(i, j)$.

Pseudo-code:

1. Set the computation costs of tasks and communication costs of edges with mean values.
2. Compute $rank_u$ for all tasks by traversing graph upward, starting from the exit task.
3. Sort the tasks in a scheduling list by nonincreasing order of $rank_u$ values.
4. **while** there are unscheduled tasks in the list **do**
 - Select the first job i , from the list for scheduling.
 - For each machine k **do**
 - Compute $EST(i, k)$ value using insertion-based scheduling policy
 - Assign job i to the machine j that minimized EFT of job i .

End while